

The Wheeling Intelligencer.

VOLUME XLVIII--NUMBER 73.

WHEELING, W. VA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1899.

PRICE TWO CENTS. (ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.)

SOME TACTICS EMPLOYED IN LATE BATTLES

How General Cronje Hoped to Gain Possession of the Town of Ladysmith.

A SUCCESSION OF TRENCHES.

The Move, However, Was Anticipated, and It Availed Little or Nothing to the Boers.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Mafeking, sent by way of Magalapy because the rumors sent southward were unable to traverse the Boer lines, gives an interesting account of the fighting during the last week in October. The correspondent says:

"After the failure to rush the town, General Cronje had recourse to the tactics employed during the siege of Potchefstroom in 1881, making an advance to the town by a succession of trenches in Echelon. Such a move had been anticipated by us for some time and for that reason there had been sent out parties to worry the Boers incessantly by night attacks.

"These tactics the enemy disliked, but he contented himself with a daily shell fire which exposed him to little personal risk. Then Colonel Baden-Powell played his trump card by sending out Fitzclarence's party to worry the occupants of the trenches. The party stole out silently in the darkness. No shot was fired and the men, with fixed bayonets, creeping rather than walking along, gradually approached the chief Boer position, near the race course. Then, as they closed in there was a shrill scream. It was Fitzclarence's whistle and the signal for onslaught.

"A ringing British cheer, which the listeners back in camp caught up, was the only reply as the party dashed into the trenches. There was a fearful struggle, the attacking forces catching and bayoneting the Boers under the tarpaulins where they crouched, crying for mercy. At least fifty bayonets got to work, and the havoc they wrought, was terrible.

"For just a moment there was no systematic return fire, but then a perfect hailstorm of bullets poured in from the trenches to the rear. Again Fitzclarence's whistle sounded. It meant 'cease fire and scatter homeward.' The British forces scattered, silently creeping back under the furious fire in the darkness to the appointed rendezvous, where the roll was called.

Splendid Work Done.
"Colonel Baden-Powell met and congratulated Captain Fitzclarence and his men upon their splendid work, saying it was a heavy price to pay, but that the Boers had to be stopped making rifle trenches within range of the town. The members of the party are now the envy and pride of the garrison. Even the Boer commander, Botha, expressed admiration of the attack and added that he would take Mafeking before long, for he meant to do one thing or the other quickly.

"Sunday passed quietly, the volunteer band playing in the women's laager. All Sunday night the Boers poured a rifle fire into the town. It was set going after dinner Sunday evening, when Colonel Baden-Powell hoisted a red lamp on the communique, which was the scene of Captain Fitzclarence's night attack. The ruse answered splendidly. The moment the light appeared the Boers opened fire, and their fusillade lasted the whole night through.

"There has been a tremendous waste of ammunition. Indeed, it is estimated that 20,000 rounds of ball cartridges were wasted on the occasion of the night attack upon the Boer trenches. Double rations have been served out to the men, who are under shelter, so as to be on the safe side if the Boers should sweep the town by a long range rifle fire. The garrison is hanging on finely. Colonel Baden-Powell has the fullest confidence in everybody, especially in the matter of implicit obedience to the order to hold the fire until the Boers get to close range.

"The shelling continued all Sunday at intervals. About 4 o'clock in the afternoon General Cronje sent in a flag of truce giving Mafeking a last chance to surrender at the eleventh hour. While the flag was receiving attention the heavy bombardment continued.

"The dispatch then describes General Cronje's great attack of Monday, the details of which have already been cabled from Colonel Baden-Powell's official dispatches.

"The end came," says the correspondent, "after five hours fighting. The enemy retired, being heavily beaten for all time so far as Mafeking is concerned. It was the hottest day of the siege and the firing was terrific, the Boers evidently recognizing that the way into Mafeking, if any, is by a kopje which was gallantly defended by Colonel Walford's men. The garrison is jubilant, while the Boers have been hurled back in disorder on their laager and will have to content themselves with a long range bombardment unless they are strongly reinforced.

"The enemy lost heavily. For hours after their fighting line had been rolled back two wagons went slowly along their position, picking up the dead and wounded. The kopje resembled a shambles after the fight. All the men were killed by bullets or shells. The lookout tower was shot to pieces, while even the saddles of the horses were fearfully battered about. The whole place was simply smashed up by the concentrated fire of seven guns and a thousand rifles."

AMERICAN LINER ON FIRE.

Cargo One Mass of Flames, but Passengers Landed Without Loss of Life—Heroic Work of Captain and Crew.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The Hamburg-American steamer Patria, Captain Frohlich, which left New York November 4, for Hamburg and passed the Lizard yesterday, is on fire near Dover. All the passengers were rescued and have arrived at Dover. The Russian steamer Ceres sighted the Patria, showing signals of distress and demanding immediate help, about twelve miles from North Pinder Lightship. The liner was enveloped in smoke. Putting on full steam, the Ceres soon reached the Patria and, sending a boat loaded with assistance.

The boats were got out and with great difficulty all the Patria's passengers, numbering 150, were transferred to the Ceres, which proceeded for Dover, where she arrived just before midnight.

Francis W. Prescott, the United States consul in Dover, was immediately notified, and he consulted, with the harbor authorities, who arrived to send on the harbor tug Lady Vita, which brought the rescued ashore. Among the saved are many ladies and children, as well as six babes in arms. The hurry of the rescue was indicated by the fact that most of them were enveloped in blankets only. They were rapidly distributed among the hotels or sent to the sailors home and everything possible is being done for their comfort.

According to interviews with some of the passengers, which elicited the fact that most of them are American citizens who have come for a vacation in Europe, all were ordered on deck at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning, when they were informed that a disastrous fire had broken out among the general cargo and as the crew were unable to master it, the captain said he considered it advisable for the passengers to take to the boats.

At this time, it was evident that the fire had obtained a thorough hold upon the cargo. Smoke and flames were ascending with overpowering force and causing the greatest alarm. The crew, according to several passengers, worked like heroes in their endeavors to keep the flames in hand, but the great quantity of flammable cargo and the oil supplied by this, made all their efforts hopeless.

There was very great excitement among the women and children, but the example set by the coolness of Captain Frohlich and the crew had a calming effect on the passengers generally. The boats were promptly got over the side, the crew working as if they were at drill. The safety of the ladies and the captain were first assured. As the fire had by this time consumed the greater part of the passengers' belongings, they had to get into the boats as they had come up from their bunks and some were in very slight raiment.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

Captain and His Wife and Crew of Five Men Drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 15.—Private advices received here to-day from Saint Pierre, Miquelon, tell of the wreck of the Philadelphia and Baltimore schooner, Edna and Emma, and the loss of the captain, his wife and the crew of five men. The Edna and Emma sailed from Wilmington, N. C., on April 14, with a cargo of lumber for Baltimore and this city. Wreckage from the schooner was washed ashore on Smith Island, at the mouth of Cape Fear river, May 7. Recently the schooner was towed into Saint Pierre, bottom up. When the ship was righted, in the cabin were found the bodies of Captain Richardson and his wife. A water-stained diary kept by the captain gave meagre information concerning the disaster.

The record stated that the Edna and Emma had experienced good weather until May 1, when a fierce northeast storm overtook her, and she became drenched. Later the rudder became jammed, and in this disabled condition the schooner was driven about at the mercy of the wind and the waves. One by one the members of the crew were washed overboard, and the captain and his wife sought refuge in the cabin. At this point the story of the diary ends. Owing to the illegibility of some portions of the handwriting, the point at which the Edna and Emma met with the disaster could not be learned.

He's Sorry Now.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 15.—John Hayslip, a horse trainer, to-day shot his wife through the heart, and mortally wounded Charles Berry, an ice wagon driver, and Maud Mitchell, aged twenty-nine years. The tragedy occurred at the Mitchell woman's house, in West Sixth street. Mrs. Hayslip had deserted her husband, for Berry and Maud Mitchell had influenced her to make the decision. Arrested soon after the commission of the crime, Mr. Hayslip admitted he had deliberately planned the murder for revenge. When told that his wife was dead, he said: "I am sorry for it now."

Window Glass Men to Meet.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 15.—The independent and co-operative window glass manufacturers of the country will hold a meeting in this city to-morrow for the purpose of furthering the project to combine in some way to compete with the American Window Glass Company, which was recently organized.

National Municipal League.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 15.—The fifth annual meeting of the National Municipal League and the seventh national conference for good city government, opened in this city to-day. Over two hundred delegates are present, the gathering being a most representative one, being composed as it is of city officials and municipal authorities from all over the country.

New York's Horse Show.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—There was a small attendance at the morning session of the horse show, owing to the bad weather. The first class out on the tan bark was a procession of ponies in harness, and in some cases driven by their owners.

RAINFALL AND BAD ROADS TO CONTEND WITH.

American Troops Doing All in Their Power to Capture the Willy Aguinaldo.

REBELS FLEE FROM TRENCHES.

Insurgent Chief Orders His Men to Burn Villages and Harass Our Soldiers.

MANILA, Nov. 15, 11 p. m.—General Hughes, with parts of the Nineteenth and Twenty-sixth regiments, moved from Iloilo, Thursday, November 9, to Otton, six miles west, for the purpose of capturing Santa Barbara, the rebel stronghold, ten miles north of Iloilo. Heavy rains preceded the movement and the roads were in places impassable. The same night Col. Carpenter, with the Eighteenth regiment and Battery G, of the Sixth artillery, moved westerly from Jaro to connect with General Hughes. General Carpenter was forced to return to Jaro on account of the roads, and the entire movement was hampered by lack of proper transportation. Company C, of the Twenty-sixth regiment, had the only fighting. When three miles out of Jaro this company charged the rebel trenches and three of the enemy were killed. One American was wounded.

General Hughes, November 12, occupied Tagbanan and Guimbal, on the southern coast, and also Cordova, in the interior. The enemy did not oppose General Hughes' advance. Recent order from Aguinaldo found in the trenches said:

"Do not oppose the Americans advance. Burn the villages as they are evacuated. Divide the forces into bands of forty. Harass the Americans on every occasion."

Aranet, the rebel leader of the Island of Panay, was captured at Tagbanan while attempting to pass the lines into Iloilo. Two battalions of the Twenty-sixth will garrison Iloilo and Jaro.

San Miguel, visible from Iloilo, has been burned by the rebels. It is reported that an expedition, evading the navy, recently landed arms and ammunition on the Antique coast; and that the rebels threaten opposition with an armed force of 3,000 men. These stories are not believed. All ports of the Sulu islands outside of the American possessions have been ordered closed to commerce.

General Otis' Casualty List.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—General Otis to-day reported the following casualties:

Wounded in action at San Mateo, November 11th, James Wright, K, Sixteenth Infantry, both thighs, severe; in action at Arayat, October 12, James Turner, I, Twenty-fourth Infantry, neck, severe; in action, San Fabian expeditionary brigade, November 10th, John O'Neill, H, Thirteenth Infantry, chest, severe; Tony Ederhardt, —, Thirteenth Infantry, abdomen, slight; John F. Coates, G, right arm, slight; George Puehl, left arm, slight; in action at Bamban, Eleventh, James F. Wyatt, M, Thirtieth Infantry, right knee, moderate; in action at Madelacat, 10th, Ernest W. Rhodes, C, Seventeenth Infantry, back, severe; Dell Cudney, right thigh, severe; in action on road to San Jacinto, November 11th, killed, Oscar K. Mercier, acting hospital steward; Thirtieth Infantry, Lovell E. Castee, sergeant, E; John A. Robinson, corporal, H; Willie Boone, H; Smack Mitchell, L; Arthur Pettus, E; wounded, Arthur Radzinski, sergeant major, left thorax, severe; Herbert E. Harpold, sergeant, G, right thigh, slight; George R. Sims, corporal I, right leg, slight; George A. Matlock, artificer, A, left forearm, slight; Lazaro C. Castillo, E, left thorax, severe; Edward A. Hurth, L, left thigh, slight; Duke H. Howell, M, left side, slight; John F. Stokes, M, left side, slight; John W. Roff, M, left shoulder, slight; Francis C. Tanner, E, right wrist, slight.

Transport Movements.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—Eight transports are expected to leave this port for the Philippines within a week. The orders are for the Senator and Ben Mohr to sail on Wednesday and carry the Forty-ninth regiment of infantry. On Saturday the St. Paul and the City of Puebla are under orders to sail, but troops have not yet been assigned to them. The Ohio and the Indiana are scheduled to sail on Monday and the Hancock and the Duke of Fife will probably get away on Tuesday. When this fleet sails only four transport vessels will remain in the harbor.

General Assembly K. of P.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—The sessions of the general assembly of the Knights of Labor were continued here to-day with General Master Workman Parsons, of New York, in the chair. After the appointment of committees the conference delegates were present, out of a possible 105, and that several others from Canada and the far west were expected to-day and to-morrow.

The afternoon session was devoted to the reading of the reports and to an address by Charles H. Litchman, ex-secretary-treasurer of the order.

Hobart Resting Easily.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 15.—Vice President Hobart passed a comfortable day and to-night is resting easily. He has eaten solid foods for some days now. He was very much grieved to learn of the death of Major Logan in battle. They were personal friends and at Washington the major was at many of the social functions given by the Hobarts.

GOVERNOR ATKINSON

Talks on McGraw's Efforts to Oust Senator Scott from His Seat in the Senate—Says It Cannot Be Done.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Governor Atkinson, of West Virginia, who passed through Washington to-day, expressed himself as confident that Col. John T. McGraw would fail in his efforts to have the election of Senator Scott, of West Virginia, vacated by the senate. "Mr. McGraw," said the governor, "has no case whatever. He makes no claim he was elected, but merely that Senator Scott was not elected, as he did not receive the votes of a majority of the members elected to the legislature. On the other hand, Senator Scott received the votes of a majority of the members present and voting, receiving forty-eight votes to forty-six for McGraw, two members not voting. I gave Mr. Scott his certificate of election, he is enrolled as a senator, and is drawing pay as a senator.

"In considering questions affecting the election or eligibility of senators the senate sits in a judicial, not a legislative capacity, and must have what the lawyers call a 'joined issue' before it can proceed. There is no joined issue in this case, and the senate cannot consider a hypothetical case any more than a court could. If Mr. McGraw claimed he had been elected, or that there was fraud or bribery in Senator Scott's election, then the senate would have something to go on, but where he merely claims the senator was not legally elected, when he has the certificate and all the legal forms have been properly complied with, he has no case and will have no standing before the senate. His taking of testimony was an entirely unwarranted proceeding, as it was not done by the direction of the senate, and will not be considered by the senate. In fact Mr. McGraw has no more right to question the legality of Senator Scott's election than any other private citizen would the legality of the election of any member of the senate. While he may continue his efforts to have the senate take up the matter, I am sure they will fail, and the case will never be considered by the senate."

Governor Atkinson naturally thinks that West Virginia is the finest state in the Union, and he gave some facts which have come under his personal observation to prove his assertion to this effect: "West Virginia," he said, "is forging ahead more rapidly than any other state in the Union. We are mining more coal than any other state with the exception of Pennsylvania, and we could dispose of at least one-third more than we are now mining if the railroads could haul it away fast enough. But they cannot get the cars, and although they have their orders in and are doing all they can to secure the cars they are far behind the demand. We are building more railroads than any other state. We have five or six now in course of construction and twenty or twenty-five more to be built next year. These roads will further develop the coal region and will open up our iron fields. Our population is rapidly increasing, and outside capital is pouring into the state. This is especially true of Pennsylvania men and capital. I asked half a dozen of them who had just invested largely in our enterprises, why they were turning their attention from Pennsylvania to West Virginia. 'Because we consider West Virginia is a more promising state at present,' was their reply. Many iron men and coal men from Pennsylvania have bought large tracts of West Virginia mining property recently, which they intend to develop, and are building railroads to open up this part of the country."

Vehicle Manufacturers Meet.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 15.—About 200 delegates were present to-day at the opening of the sixth annual convention of the National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers. After the addresses of welcome by Mayor Tafel and Daniel B. Beacham, chairman of the local committee, there were several responses. President John W. Stoddard, of Dayton, Ohio, delivered his annual address and it was referred by topics to various committees. The annual reports of Secretary George D. Sparks, of Chicago, and of Treasurer F. G. Allen, of Moline, Ill., were presented. Chairman Noyes, of Louisville, presented the annual report of the executive committee.

Want Their Share of Prosperity.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 15.—It is learned here to-day that a secret conference is being held at the national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America in Indianapolis by the presidents of all the district organizations in the competitive field. The miners say that they are entitled to a share of the prosperity which is now being enjoyed by the country and that an increase in the price of mining will be asked.

McClelland Gets the Decision.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 15.—At Cy-clorama Hall to-night, Jack McClelland, of this city, was given the decision over Joe Fairburn, of Philadelphia, at the end of the tenth round of one of the cleanest and most scientific boxing contests seen here in years. The first three rounds were in Fairburn's favor, but the balance of the rounds were McClelland's, as he did most of the leading and was able to block successfully Fairburn's efforts to land a knock-out blow on the chin.

Prominent Merchant Dead.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Gerson Siegel, vice president of the Siegel-Cooper Company, died to-day at his home in this city, after an illness of three months. He was sixty-two years old. Heart trouble was the cause of death.

Money Can't Save Him.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Nov. 15.—Justice Hooker, in the supreme court to-day set the week beginning January 2, 1900, for the electrocution of Howa-J C. Benham, the banker of Batavia, who is under conviction for the murder of his wife on January 4, 1897, by poison.

SHORT A JURY IN THE MOLINEUX CASE YESTERDAY

Recorder Goff Condemns the Practice of Confusing Citizens Summoned for Jury Duty.

OBJECTION TO DEATH PENALTY

Several Failed to Qualify on That Account—Jury Box Vacant When Court Adjourned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The trial of Roland B. Molineux, charged with the death of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams, was continued before Recorder Goff, in the court of general sessions to-day. Efforts were directed toward securing a jury, but notwithstanding the fact that forty-six taxmen were examined not one jurymen was chosen.

Barlow S. Weeks, counsel for the defense, or one of his assistants, closely questioned each of the taxmen, asking for definitions of terms and propounding hypothetical questions until Recorder Goff severely condemned the practice or any attempt whatever to confuse citizens summoned for jury duty.

The defense used its first peremptory challenge late in the afternoon, after Louis Jacobs had apparently passed a searching examination. The defense used a second peremptory challenge, refusing to accept as a juror Richard L. Trefurth, a former steward of the New York club, after the state had announced its willingness to have him sit in the jury box.

Of those who failed to qualify seven objected to the death penalty, about the same number declared their unwillingness to convict on circumstantial evidence, half a score were unable to define the meaning of terms submitted by the counsel, five had an insufficient knowledge of the English language and the others, except those peremptorily challenged were excused on the various grounds of general consent, ill-health and old age. The case will be continued to-morrow.

KENTUCKY'S TANGLE.

Nothing Can Now Be Done Until Meeting of Election Commission.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 15.—Judge Sterling B. Toney, whose mandamus issued on election day for the admission of honest election league inspectors to polling places caused the principal excitement of that day, was to-day restrained by the appellate court at Frankfort from taking any further action in the contempt cases growing out of the order. Yesterday, thirty-five alleged violators of Judge Toney's orders were bound over by him in the sum of \$500 each. To-day he was proceeding with the cases and had sentenced one prisoner to thirty hours in jail, when an order for the appellate court was received. The official count to-day has brought no change in the state of the vote for governor.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 15.—It is conceded here that the Kentucky election will remain in a tangle until the meeting of the election commissioners at a date which has not been set, but will occur the last week of this month. County election commissioners in Knox county, who certified to the vote in that county will file a supplemental statement with the state board, stating that fraud and intimidation were practiced in every precinct and that the county commissioners were overawed and forced by a mob of drunken men to certify the vote, and will close by recommending that the entire vote be thrown out. General Taylor received 1,354 majority in Knox county.

LIQUOR ADULTERATION.

United States Senate Committee Still Investigating.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The United States senate committee on manufactures, reported by Senator Mason, of Illinois, resumed to-day its investigation into the adulteration of liquors. George B. Sadler, editor of Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular, was the first witness to-day. "I firmly believe," he said, "that of the imported spirits which are protected by a high duty more of the spurious than of the genuine is sold. There are very few places in this country where that system of fraud is not perpetrated. Fraudulent labels are procured and genuine bottles are refilled with cheap liquors. Any brand of wine or spirits that attains popularity furnishes a field for piracy."

Mr. Sadler said that the government loses at least \$6,000,000 annually on the matter of spirits alone, by dealers using imitation labels. By spurious labels on beer, he thought the government loss exceeded \$1,000,000 annually. Keywood C. Brown, a bottler of imported ales, testified that he had known of forty cases of fraudulent imitations of labels.

A Southern Incident.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 15.—In a four-sided shooting affray, which occurred in Marion county, near here, last night, John C. Sellers, a prominent farmer, was shot through the body and left arm and his son, Ben Sellers, was shot in the abdomen. J. M. Hazelden, member of the state board of liquor control, was wounded in the leg, and his brother-in-law, H. A. Edwards, was shot in the chest. The cause of the trouble is said to be that Hazelden accused Sellers of writing defamatory articles concerning Hazelden's official and private life. The Sellers' wounds may prove fatal.

National Grange.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The thirty-third annual session of the National Grange convened to-day in this city, with Master Aaron Jones, of South Bend, Ind., in the chair. Twenty-six states are represented and the delegates with those remaining from the state grange meeting and other visitors, places the total attendance at 2,500. The Grange began business at 2:00. The roll call a committee on credentials was appointed.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F.

Opening Session at Huntington Yesterday Morning—Welcoming Addresses—Prominent Members Present.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 15.—The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. was opened at 9:30 this morning, with Grand Master William E. Rittenmiller presiding. Mayor Brandebury delivered a welcome address which was responded to by the Grand Master. Rev. B. H. Evans, of the First M. E. church, this city, delivered a welcome address on behalf of the local members of the order.

The report of Grand Secretary Billings, shows the following: Lodges at work, 172; lodges instituted this year, 3; members, 9,932; received during the year, 822; amount paid for relief of widowed families, \$1,183 43; for burying the dead, \$4,955 00; education of orphans, \$229 40; special relief, etc., \$14,681 25; total amount of relief paid, \$41,111 55; cash balance in the treasury of subordinate lodges, \$77,217 04; investment of subordinate lodges (unapproximately), \$185,000 00.

After the appointment of the various committees the session was adjourned. At 2:30 p. m., a free excursion was given the members to Blue Sulphur Springs, the train returning to the city to-night at 10:30.

A special banquet was served at the Blue Sulphur Hotel, which was highly enjoyed. It is this hotel which Colonel Flading proposed to sell to the grand lodge for an Odd Fellows' Home, and many of the members seem to be very decidedly impressed with the property and its surroundings for such a purpose. The points in its favor are that the community is an excellent one from a standpoint of morals. No definite proposition has been made, but to-morrow some time the question will come up and action of some kind will be taken.

Past Grand Romeo Freer, now member of Congress, is a late arrival to attend the lodge. He served at the head of the order in 1887, having succeeded Hon. George C. Sturgess.

It was expected that Hon. Alston G. Dayton, who is also a past grand master, would be here, but he has not yet arrived.

Among prominent visitors from abroad are: Deputy Grand Sir, A. G. Coble, of Covington, Ohio; Ivor Hughes, grand master, and C. H. Layman, grand secretary, of Ohio, the two latter of Columbus.

BRIEF MENTIONINGS.

Events in and About the City Given in a Nutshell.

The Pleasant Valley Social Club will entertain its friends with a dance at Pleasant Valley Park this evening.

The council committee on rules is called to meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock. This is a special committee, appointed to revise the existing rules of council.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will not hold its regular meeting on Thursday afternoon, but will hold a mother's meeting at the residence of Mrs. Anna Green, 32 South Front street, at 7:30 this evening, and every member is cordially invited.

John Summers, an Elm Grove man, came to Wheeling yesterday, with money in his jeans and looking for trouble. His search ended in his getting a badly beaten countenance and being relieved of \$45. On a drunkenness charge he was fined \$1 and costs by Squire Rogers.

August Garvey, better known as "Coal Box," an Eighth ward man, whose actions induce the belief that he is insane, was arrested by Officer Charles Rolf yesterday afternoon, on a lunacy warrant, and was committed to jail by Squire Rogers for a medical examination.

Judge Melvin held a special term of the circuit court yesterday. In the case of John Murdock, guardian, vs. John Murdock, et al., A. G. Fickelson was appointed guardian ad litem of Irene Bartley, and a further consideration of the matter at issue was postponed until notice is served on the other defendants.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Going and Coming of Wheeling People and Visitors.

J. T. Martin, of Sistersville, stayed at the Grand Central yesterday.

C. W. Stewart was a Sistersville register at the Windsor yesterday.

Mr. John Lewis, of Wellsburg, was visiting relatives on the Island yesterday.

D. E. Keough and wife and J. F. Keough, of Mannington, was at the Howell.

J. M. Hagan, George Morrison, Jr., W. H. Chambers, Ralph Chambers, Charles B. Res and L. F. Simpson were Moundsville people at the Stamm yesterday.

Mrs. Carrie M. Crawford left last evening for a brief visit to New York city, where she will be the guest of Miss M. J. Bailey, who is spending the winter there.

Mr. Holly Sayre, junior member of the firm of Charles F. Paul & Co., the Island grocers, has sold his interest and purchased a store at Ravenswood, this state. He will leave Wheeling next week to assume charge.

Mr. and Mrs. George Howard Forsyth, of Chicago, the latter formerly Miss Brockunier, of this city, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Brockunier, of North Main street. They have just returned from Jamaica, where they spent the honeymoon.

Dr. E. W. Rose, wife and daughter, Miss Stella Edwards and sister, and Mr. J. R. Brooks are at the McLeure last night. The occasion was the wedding here of Mr. Brooks to Miss Minnie Edwards. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. W. Bent, of the Benwood M. E. church.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, generally fair Thursday and Friday; fresh westerly winds, becoming variable.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

9 a. m.	58	3 p. m.	63
7 a. m.	55	1 p. m.	61
12 m.	50	6 p. m.	61

Weather—Cloudy.